

## CONDITIONS IN THE SOUTH LOOK VERY ENCOURAGING

Many New Manufacturing Enterprises  
Launched During the Past  
Week.

An interesting discussion of the workings of the Federal Reserve System is made by W. P. Harding, member of the Board, in last week's issue of the Manufacturers Record. The conclusions reached by Mr. Harding are that through the operations of the new system currency panics in the future seem to be impossible; that the stimulus to expansion and speculation which under old conditions would have accompanied such large excess reserves as those of the present has been largely eliminated; that the United States is in a stronger position than it was supposed it would be, and has greater financial power than any other nation. "The Federal Reserve System," says Mr. Harding, "is essentially a co-operative one. The power of co-operation in achieving results was shown very forcibly last fall, when several intricate and apparently hopeless situations were successfully worked out in a short time. Owing to our insufficiency of ocean transportation and to the restrictions imposed upon commerce by the nations at war, some inconvenience may be experienced, perhaps, in marketing our crops this fall, but intelligent comprehension of the problems involved and the strong position of this country as the world's treasury and storehouse should make the solution comparatively simple. Through the Federal Reserve System and the banks of the country ample funds can be provided to take care of staple commodities awaiting transfer from producer to consumer, and, as no complications seem likely to arise that have not already been anticipated, it appears that our people should be able to await with patience and confidence the great forward movement which is sure to come when once is begun the world-wide reconstruction and rehabilitation which must follow the re-establishment of peace."

As appears through the news columns of the Manufacturers Record, the country's great activities in shipbuilding are further demonstrated by the fact that the marine department of the Maryland Steel Co. is working to capacity on ship orders, employing 2,400 men, and having received inquiries from various countries of the world, including Russia, England, Spain, and even Germany. Nine vessels are under contract at an approximate cost of \$4,500,000, and tenders are out on 20 or more additional ships. Numerous and varied manufacturing and other industrial enterprises were reported during the week, including the following important announcements:

Wheeling Steel & Iron Co., Wheeling, W. Va., voted \$5,000,000 bonds or betterments, and will at once issue \$2,500,000 of the amount in order to begin the construction of additional facilities, mainly to improve its finishing departments.

Calhoun Timber Co., Jacksonville, Fla., was incorporated with \$2,000,000 capital for the purpose of developing timber land, manufacturing lumber, etc., in Florida.

Holland Manufacturing Co., Athens, Ga., was organized with \$100,000 capital to establish a hosiery-knitting mill, and will begin with 25 knitting machines, to be increased to 100 machines.

Wm. A. Lee, Brooklyn, N. Y., decided to establish a press-cloth mill at Augusta, Ga., and has ordered machinery for an annual capacity of 100 pounds. The cloth produced is for cottonseed crushers, linseed-oil crushers and soap manufacturers.

Continental Piston Ring Co., Memphis, Tenn., was incorporated with \$100,000 capital to manufacture piston rings.

Odorless Paint Co., Wheeling, W. Va., was incorporated with \$100,000 capital to manufacture paint.

Kingsport Extract Corporation, Kingsport, Tenn., decided upon plans for investing \$150,000 to construct a two-story 250x150-foot brick building and install machinery for a daily capacity of 120 barrels of chestnut wood and oak bark extracts for tanning.

West Virginia Window Glass Co., Pensboro, W. Va., was incorporated with \$100,000 capital, and will manufacture window glass.

Clay County Graphite Co., Ashland, Ala., organized with \$30,000 capital to develop an 80-acre graphite property, and will install equipment for an initial daily output of 2 1/2 tons of graphite.

Mississippi Fiber Co., Meridian, Miss., was incorporated with \$5,000 capital to manufacture fiber.

Perry County Block Co., Oak Lake,

ington, Ky., was incorporated with \$100,000 capital to develop 1,000 acres of coal land, and plans a daily capacity of 500 tons, to be increased to 1,000 tons.

Coquina Company, Chicago, acquired 483 acres of land, containing extensive deposits of coquina, or shell rock, which will be utilized for various purposes; will install plant for mining, to crush the rock for ballast and road work, and to manufacture fertilizer; later plans to build cement plant of 1,000 barrels daily capacity.

Altair Crushed Stone & Gravel Co., Altair, Tex., was incorporated with \$200,000 capital, and will build an initial plant to cost \$40,000.

Gray Manufacturing Co., Gastonia, N. C., will build an addition and install 4,000 spindles, with accompanying machinery.

Tennessee Biscuit Co., Nashville, Tenn., was incorporated with \$100,000 capital, and will build bakery.

Vote for Ney Williams, the People's Choice, for District Attorney.

If you want all the news before it becomes ancient history, subscribe for the Sentinel. Only 25 cents for three months.

Vote for George R. Edwards for Railroad Commissioner.

### Accidents in the Street.

Summer is a season of accidents. In the winter children usually keep indoors. In summer they are not satisfied to play on the sidewalks and yards, but delight in romping in the streets. Boys play ball in the streets, regardless of the danger. Girls who use roller skates are frequently seen skating in the streets.

Safety first should be the warning of all parents.

There is no excuse for this. Memphis is more advanced than any city of the South when it comes to parks and playgrounds. Patriotic Memphis people have contributed liberally to the worthy work of maintaining these playgrounds. They are widely scattered and afford every opportunity for healthy exercise for the children. There are tennis courts for the older boys and girls and numerous baseball diamonds.

Yet, with all of these advantages, the average child loves to play in the street. To dodge a swiftly moving automobile seems to give them great pleasure. Only a days ago an automobile moving rapidly on Madison Avenue, near Cooper Street ran over a small boy who was tossing a ball to a companion player. Fortunately he was not injured, but it was not due to any effort on his part to protect himself. The driver of the car was not to blame, for had the boy remained still he would have escaped. He dodged, naturally, and in the wrong direction. The accident was unavoidable. Had the boy played ball in the open lot across the street there would have been no accident.

Parents are to blame for this. They too frequently send their children out to play and do not know where they go or what they do until they return home at mealtime. In the schoolrooms during the winter the youngster is busily occupied. In the vacation season of summer he is constantly in danger.

Ceaselessly and zealously the city authorities and privately organized bodies are engaged in studying the welfare of the child. Let the parents come to the rescue and instruct their children not to play in the streets.—Commercial Appeal.

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Vote for Dr. J. P. Taylor for State Treasurer.

### The Need of a County Fair.

One of the greatest weaknesses of country life heretofore has been the absence of public recognition of worthy effort. The farmer or stockman or school teacher might set a worthy example for his fellows, but public notice would not be directed to it nor public recognition given as an incentive for other like endeavors. Anything that brings our country people together does good, and if it brings them together for the purpose of recognizing and honoring worthy effort, it is doubly useful.

That is why the county school commencement is worth so much. And this is why every county should have a county fair. With a county commencement in the spring and a county fair in the fall, it will be hard to keep any county from catching the spirit of progress.—The Progressive Farmer.

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## MR. EDISON'S GENIUS TO BE UTILIZED BY UNCLE SAM

Will Head Advisory Board of Inven-  
tors for Defensive and Offens-  
ive Purposes.

The announcement contained in yesterday's press dispatches—that "Thos. A. Edison has accepted an invitation from Secretary Daniels to head an advisory board of civilian inventors for a bureau of invention and development to be created in the navy department"—is decidedly interesting. In a recent interview expressing his abhorrence of the war, and his amazement that the German nation had been led into such a frightful attack on their neighbors, Mr. Edison spoke especially of the additions that modern, scientific, agencies had made to the destructiveness of war. "And that while he could, he was sure, carry the murder art to greater lengths, he had no inclination to do so. But he said if his own country made a demand on his genius he would respond. The interview referred to, in the New York Times, is quoted:

"Mr. Edison thinks it reasonably certain that we shall have war some day, and he wants us to be prepared for it. He would not increase our regular army. He would have national training of our state militia which would develop 25,000 to 40,000 men efficient as drill sergeants to teach our millions of potential fighting men. Trench warfare is more a matter of machines than of men. He would therefore have the machinery on hand for a million men. A large number of small factories should be equipped for the manufacture of all kinds of guns and ammunition, with raw material stored ready for use. The shops should meantime be occupied in the works of peace. We should have stored in dry docks superdreadnoughts, submarines, etc., ready for use. But not in commission. The same care should be taken as to transportation, and the government should have the right to commandeering all the private automobiles in the country, for these, he thinks more efficient for transportation than any other means. He says 200,000 automobiles and 1,000,000 men could be moved on parallel roads 100 miles a day.

"He would thus store war materials and have small West Points to educate officers and drill sergeants, and so with the navy where men should be trained and sent to sea and then retired, but under obligation to keep up to date in studies.

"After that the time needed to transform our citizenry into soldiers would be short. The modern conditions of warfare as shown by the present war prove the needlessness of standing armies withdrawn from peaceful industries. The drill sergeants and the naval officers trained to the work would, after training, return to private life, but be in touch and under command of the government. Thus we should have all of the material ready for war and at the same time avoid the taxation which standing armies and navies now exact.

"The idea elaborated as it is in the interview sounds feasible. Certainly the brains of a man like Edison are not to be scorned. His life and career show that he is eminently practical. It is equally certain as he shows that the present war has demonstrated that wars of the future cannot be carried on on the same lines of readiness for war as in the past—namely, by standing armies—for volunteers, above all, the Canadians, whom Edison praises most highly, have shown what a brief training can do. What is needed is the officers and instructed men to do the training, but, most of all, to have stores of machines from ships to aeroplanes, not in commission, but in storage, to equip instantly the greatest force needed."

There is much in this plan of "preparedness" to commend it to the taxpayers as well as the patriot. The European war has shown that the supply of "food for powder" is an easy trick compared with having enough "powder" of modern munitions. The one nation that was prepared has almost won over all the others, through superiority solely, in the art of preparedness.—Vicksburg Herald.

Vote for George R. Edwards for Railroad Commissioner.

A trial subscription of the Sentinel will be sent for 25 cents for three months.

### An Unusual Stunt.

"There are more ways of killing a dog than choking it to death on butter," is an inelegant but forcible way of expressing a profound fact. Happy

## Addresses Card to the Voters

Hon. M. Ney Williams, Candidate for District Attorney,  
Presents His Claims.

Raymond, Miss., May 1st, 1915.

To the Voters of the Seventh Judicial District:

Since entering the race for District Attorney, I have done my best to meet every voter in the District and personally lay my claims for the office before you. Four months of hard work has carried me into every neighborhood and voting precinct, and I am now personally acquainted with a large majority of the people of this District. The District Attorney is your officer, and I feel that you should know my ideas of running the office, if you elect me.

1st. Jury fixers will go, and their corrupt work will be a matter of past history in our courts.

2nd. Professional Jurors and Court Hangers-on are a menace to justice, an imposition upon the people, and a fraud upon society. They are always on hand for a PURPOSE, and if I am elected JUST BID THEM GOOD-BYE. They will be no more.

3rd. There are too many little cases in our Circuit Courts that ought to be settled out on the farm, or in the Justice Courts. Petty negro quarrels and such other crimes, have no place upon the calendar of the Circuit Courts. Some of these cases cost the County as much as some murder cases, and in addition to the expense, the white man, and a large number of his negroes are forced to leave the field at a busy time and possibly, spend several days in court. If I am elected I expect to see that these kinds of petty cases are eliminated from the Circuit Court, and thereby save the taxpayers the useless expense of many thousands of dollars, and at the same time, let the negro stay in the field at work, where he ought to be.

4th. If you are summoned into court on a civil case, you know what day of the term this case will be called, and you don't have to go there until that day. If you are summoned on a criminal case, you have to be in court at 9 o'clock on the first day of the term, and possibly be forced to stay there several days before the case is even called for trial. If it saves the railroads, corporations, and individuals money to set civil cases for trial at different days of the term, why wouldn't it save the tax-payers money to follow this rule with criminal cases? If a term of criminal court is called and there are 300 cases on the docket, and three State witnesses on each case, these 900 State witnesses are forced to be present on the first day, and remain there unless the case is either set for trial, continued, or otherwise disposed of. These 900 State witnesses are drawing \$1.50 per day and mileage, and you are paying the freight. If there are three witnesses for the defense in each case, you have 900 more people there who are forced to pay their own expenses,

and also lose their time from work. While it is true that the Judge sets the cases, yet it is also true that he, knowing that the District Attorney is better acquainted with the cases, is governed by his recommendation in setting them for trial. If I am elected, I expect to inject some business into the office, and set the criminal docket, like the civil court docket is now handled. If this is done you will not have to come to court on some little case, spend the whole week there, and suffer expense and loss of time.

5th. I don't expect to make your Courts a MONEY MAKING institution, but if elected, I do promise you that I will conduct the office in a business way and thereby cut down the heavy loss which now exists. You have been led to BELIEVE from Mr. Howie's PRINTED RECORD that he HAS MADE YOU MONEY, during his administration, but I give you here the REPORTS of the Sheriffs and Circuit Clerks, of Yazoo, Madison and Hinds Counties of the FINES and EXPENSE of the last terms to Court on some whole district:

Yazoo County, October Term, 1914—

Fines, \$375.00; Expenses, \$4,766.38; Loss, \$4,391.38.

Madison County, January Term, 1915—

Fines, \$210.00; Expenses, \$3,316.78; Loss, \$3,106.78.

Hinds County (Jackson), November Term, 1914.

Fines, \$450.00; Expenses, \$2,880.80; Loss, \$2,430.80.

Hinds County (Raymond), February Term, 1915—

Fines, \$55.00; Expenses, \$1,318.90; Loss, \$1,263.90.

Total Fines, \$1,090.00; Total Expenses, \$13,189.00; TOTAL LOSS, \$11,192.86.

Your taxes are increasing, year by year, and if this enormous loss in your courts continues, you may always expect the increased burden of taxation.

6th. It takes work and study to make a good District Attorney, and I promise you, if elected, to devote my time and energy to the office, and it will be my ambition to give you good and faithful service. I want to know the people of my District, and want them to know me, and I am working hard in my efforts to come to see you. If my ideas of running the office meet your approval, and you think I have the ability to make you a good officer, I want you to vote for me and help me.

For the uniform kindness and courtesy shown me over the entire District, I want to express my appreciation and thanks.

Yours very truly,  
M. NEY WILLIAMS.

### THE POLITICAL LIAR

The political liar is again abroad in the land. He is always on hand, but is never so vicious, nor venomous as just before the election; it is then that he develops his greatest speed and uses his evil wits to their utmost capacity working night and day, mostly nights, to circulate and elaborate some damnable lie to defeat honorable men from being elected to office. We are glad that the voters of Lamar County are on the watch tower more than ever along this line, but we want to impress them with the fact that there will no doubt be lies circulated, some have already been, that if they don't watch will be believed. We would caution the voter to weigh well the reports that may be circulated about good men, and take the trouble to investigate the charges before turning your back on the accused, and casting your votes again them.—Purvis Booster.

### THE CAMPAIGN LIAR

Will Be Very Active From Now Until Election Day.

The many lies and slanders that have been told on Lieut. Gov. Bilbo by his personal and political enemies, justifies the belief that they will try to spring some monstrous lies just on the eve of the election, in an effort to turn his friends away from him, but they will never successfully accomplish such a feat. Twenty-four honest men have refused to believe their ring leader under oath, and one hundred thousand are going to show him that they don't believe him, when the third of August rolls around. The people are not fools, and the fellow who undertakes to spread his slime and push just before the election should be treated with utter contempt, and will be. But you may look for him, like the assassin in the dark. He wants to defeat Bilbo, but he can't do it.—Peapackville Free Press.

along and did not stop to buy, Bill sat right still and smoked away and blinked his sleepy eye. And so the sheriff closed him out, but still he lingered near, and Mary came to drop with him a sympathetic tear. How is it sister, can you tell, why other merchants here, sell all their goods so readily, and thrive from year to year. Remembering her own bad luck, the little maid replied: "Those other fellows get there, Bill, BECAUSE THEY ADVERTISE.—Exchange.

The Sentinel for three months for 25 cents.

### WHO ARE YOU FOR.

It is not too late yet to "sit alone with your conscience" and see who you really and truly want in the office.

You must vote, August 3, for every office of our State from Governor to constable, with the exception of Judges, Chancellors and Congressmen who were elected last year. It will be a white Democratic primary.

So, in order to vote intelligently, study the State ticket all the way down or you will be sure to make a mistake when you enter the booth to mark your vote.

And remember that the reason our government is not satisfactory is because we have been led off by irrelevant things and have not voted for competent business men who know how.

Note the qualifications of your "favorite candidate." Are you favoring him because he will honestly serve the people, or because you "like him?"

The "popular man" is not, generally, a leader. Remember, to vote for the competent man, regardless of any and everything that would make you lose sight of the issue—the man that is best qualified for the office he seeks.—Brookhaven Leader.

Vote for George R. Edwards for Railroad Commissioner.

Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as snow; it strayed away from home one day, where lambs should never go. And Mary sat her quickly down and tears streamed from her eyes; she did not find the lamb because SHE DID NOT ADVISE. Now Mary had a brother Bill who kept a village store; he sat and sucked on cigarettes and watched the open door. And as the people passed